

MICROWAVE AND OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS (PC)

B.Tech. IV Year I Semester

L T P C
3 1 0 4

Prerequisite: Antennas and Propagation

Course Objectives:

1. To get familiarized with microwave frequency bands, their applications and to understand the limitations and losses of conventional tubes at these frequencies.
2. To distinguish between different types of microwave tubes, their structures and principles of microwave power generation.
3. To impart the knowledge of Scattering Matrix, its formulation and utility, and establish the S-Matrix for various types of microwave junctions.
4. Understand the utility of Optical Fibres in Communications.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

1. Known power generation at microwave frequencies and derive the performance characteristics.
2. Realize the need for solid state microwave sources and understand the principles of solid-state devices.
3. Distinguish between the different types of waveguide and ferrite components, and select proper components for engineering applications
4. Measure the S-parameters in microwave component design.
5. Demonstrate the mechanism of light propagation through Optical Fibres.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	-	1	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1
CO2	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1
CO3	3	-	2	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	1	1
CO4	3	-	1	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	1	1
CO5	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1

UNIT - I

Microwave Tubes: Limitations and Losses of conventional Tubes at Microwave Frequencies, Microwave Tubes – O Type and M Type Classifications, O-type Tubes: 2 Cavity Klystrons – Structure, Reentrant Cavities, Velocity Modulation Process and Applegate Diagram, Bunching Process and Small Signal Theory — Expressions for O/P Power and Efficiency. Reflex Klystrons — Structure, Velocity Modulation and Applegate Diagram, Mathematical Theory of Bunching, Power Output, Efficiency, Oscillating Modes and O/P Characteristics.

Helix TWTs: Types and Characteristics of Slow Wave Structures; Structure of TWT and Amplification Process (qualitative treatment), Suppression of Oscillations, Gain Considerations.

UNIT - II

M-Type Tubes:

Introduction, Cross-field Effects, Magnetrons – Different Types, Cylindrical Traveling Wave Magnetron

– Hull Cut-off and Hartree Conditions, Modes of Resonance and PI-Mode Operation, Separation of PI-Mode, o/p characteristics,

Microwave Solid State Devices: Introduction, Classification, Applications. TEDs –

Introduction, Gunn Diodes – Principle, RWH Theory, Characteristics, Modes of Operation - Gunn Oscillation Modes, Principle of operation of IMPATT and TRAPATT Devices.

UNIT - III

Waveguide Components: Coupling Mechanisms – Probe, Loop, Aperture types. Waveguide Discontinuities – Waveguide Windows, Tuning Screws and Posts, Matched Loads. Waveguide

Attenuators – Different Types, Resistive Card and Rotary Vane Attenuators; Waveguide Phase Shifters

– Types, Dielectric and Rotary Vane Phase Shifters, Waveguide Multiport Junctions - E plane and H plane Tees. Ferrites– Composition and Characteristics, Faraday Rotation, Ferrite Components — Gyrator, Isolator,

UNIT - IV

Scattering matrix: Scattering Matrix Properties, Directional Couplers – 2 Hole, Bethe Hole, [s] matrix of Magic Tee and Circulator.

Microwave Measurements: Description of Microwave Bench – Different Blocks and their Features, Errors and Precautions, Measurement of Attenuation, Frequency. Standing Wave Measurements, measurement of Low and High VSWR, Cavity Q, Impedance Measurements.

UNIT - V

Optical Fiber Transmission Media: Optical Fiber types, Light Propagation, Optical fiber Configurations, Optical fiber classifications, Losses in Optical Fiber cables, Light Sources, Optical Sources, Light Detectors, LASERS, WDM Concepts, Optical Fiber System link budget.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Samuel Y. Liao -Microwave Devices and Circuits, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2003.
2. Wayne Tomasi- Electronic Communications Systems, 5th Edition, Pearson,

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Gerd Keiser - Optical Fiber Communication, 4th Edition, TMH, 2008.
2. David M. Pozar - Microwave Engineering – 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., 2011Reprint.
3. G.S. Raghuvanshi - Microwave Engineering, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
4. George Kennedy - Electronic Communication System, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill.

EC731PE: RADAR SYSTEMS (PE – III)**B.Tech. IV Year I Semester****L T P C**
3 0 0 3**Prerequisite:** Analog and Digital Communications**Course Objectives:**

1. To explore the concepts of radar and its frequency bands.
2. To understand Doppler effect and get acquainted with the working principles of CW radar, FM-CW radar.
3. To impart the knowledge of functioning of MTI and Tracking Radars.
4. To explain the designing of a Matched Filter in radar receivers.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

1. Derive the complete radar range equation.
2. Familiarize the functioning of CW, FM-CW and MTI radars
3. Known various Tracking methods.
4. Derive the matched filter response characteristics for radar receivers.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	1	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	1	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	1	2	2	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1

UNIT - I

Basics of Radar: Maximum Unambiguous Range, Simple form of Radar Equation, Radar Block Diagram and Operation, Radar Frequencies and Applications. Prediction of Range Performance, Minimum Detectable Signal, Receiver Noise, Modified Radar Range Equation.

Radar Equation: SNR, Envelope Detector – False Alarm Time and Probability, Integration of Radar Pulses, Radar Cross Section of Targets, Transmitter Power, PRF and Range Ambiguities, System Losses (qualitative treatment).

UNIT - II

CW and Frequency Modulated Radar: Doppler Effect, CW Radar – Block Diagram, Isolation between Transmitter and Receiver, Non-zero IF Receiver, Receiver Bandwidth Requirements, Applications of CW radar.

FM-CW Radar: Range and Doppler Measurement, Block Diagram and Characteristics, FM-CW altimeter.

UNIT - III

MTI and Pulse Doppler Radar: Principle, MTI Radar - Power Amplifier Transmitter and Power Oscillator Transmitter, Delay Line Cancellers — Filter Characteristics, Blind Speeds, Double Cancellation, Staggered PRFs. Range Gated Doppler Filters. MTI Radar Parameters, Limitations to MTI Performance, MTI versus Pulse Doppler Radar.

UNIT - IV

Tracking Radar: Tracking with Radar, Sequential Lobing, Conical Scan, Mono pulse Tracking Radar

– Amplitude Comparison Mono pulse (one- and two- coordinates), Phase Comparison Mono pulse, Tracking in Range, Acquisition and Scanning Patterns, Comparison of Trackers.

UNIT - V

Detection of Radar Signals in Noise Matched Filter Receiver — Response Characteristics and Derivation, Correlation Function and Cross-correlation Receiver, Efficiency of Non-matched Filters, Matched Filter with Non-white Noise.

Radar Receivers – Noise Figure and Noise Temperature, Displays – types. Duplexers – Branch type and Balanced type, Circulators as Duplexers. Introduction to Phased Array Antennas – Basic Concepts, Radiation Pattern, Beam Steering and Beam Width changes, Applications, Advantages and Limitations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Merrill I. Skolnik- Introduction to Radar Systems, 2nd Edition, TMH Special Indian Edition, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Byron Edde - Radar: Principles, Technology, Applications, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Peebles, Jr., P.Z., Wiley - Radar Principles, New York, 1998.
3. Mark A. Richards, James A. Scheer, William A. Holm, Yesdee - Principles of Modern Radar: Basic Principles, 2013
4. Merrill I. Skolnik -Radar Handbook, 3rd Edition., McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.

EC732PE: CMOS ANALOG IC DESIGN (PE - III)**B.Tech. IV Year I Semester**

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Pre-Requisite: Analog Electronics

Course Objectives: Analog circuits play a very crucial role in all electronic systems and due to continued miniaturization, many of the analog blocks are not getting realized in CMOS technology.

1. To understand most important building blocks of all CMOS Analog ICs.
2. To study the basic principle of operation, the circuit choices and the trade-offs involved in the MOS transistor level design common to all Analog CMOS ICs.
3. To understand specific design issues related to single and multistage voltage, current and differential amplifiers, their output and impedance issues, bandwidth, feedback and stability.
4. To understand the design of differential amplifiers, current amplifiers and OPAMPs.

Course Outcomes: After studying the course, each student is expected to be able to

1. Design basic building blocks of CMOS Analog ICs.
2. Carryout the design of single and two stage operational amplifiers and voltage references.
3. Determine the device dimensions of each MOSFETs involved.
4. Design various amplifiers like differential, current and operational amplifiers.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1

UNIT - I**MOS Devices and Modeling**

The MOS Transistor, Passive Components- Capacitor & Resistor, Integrated circuit Layout, CMOS Device Modeling - Simple MOS Large-Signal Model, Other Model Parameters, Small-Signal Model for the MOS Transistor, Computer Simulation Models, Sub-threshold MOS Model.

UNIT - II**Analog CMOS Sub-Circuits**

MOS Switch, MOS Diode, MOS Active Resistor, Current Sinks and Sources, Current Mirrors-Current mirror with Beta Helper, Degeneration, Cascode current Mirror and Wilson Current Mirror, Current and Voltage References, Bandgap Reference.

UNIT- III**CMOS Amplifiers**

Inverters, Differential Amplifiers, Cascode Amplifiers, Current Amplifiers, Output Amplifiers, High Gain Amplifiers Architectures.

UNIT-IV

CMOS Operational Amplifiers

Design of CMOS Op-Amps, Compensation of Op-Amps, Design of Two-Stage Op-Amps, Power- Supply, Rejection Ratio of Two-Stage Op-Amps, Cascode Op-Amps, Measurement Techniques of OP-Amp.

UNIT - V**Comparators**

Characterization of Comparator, Two-Stage, Open-Loop Comparators, Other Open-Loop Comparators, Improving the Performance of Open-Loop Comparators, Discrete-Time Comparators.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Philip E. Allen and Douglas, R. Holberg – CMOS Analog Circuit Design, Oxford University Press, International Second Edition/Indian Edition, 2010.
2. Paul R. Gray, Paul J. Hurst, S. Lewis and R.G. Meyer - Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, 5th edition, Wiley India, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. David A. Johns, Ken Martin- Analog Integrated Circuit Design, Wiley Student Edn, 2013.
2. Behzad Razavi – Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits, TMH.
3. Baker, Liand Boyce - CMOS: Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation, PHI.

EC733PE: ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS (PE – III)

B.Tech. IV Year I Semester

L T P C
3 0 0 3

Prerequisite: Nil

Course Objectives:

1. To understand the biological neural network and to model equivalent neuron models.
2. To understand the architecture, learning algorithms
3. To know the issues of various feed forward and feedback neural networks.
4. To explore the Neuro dynamic models for various problems.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

1. Explore the similarity of Biological networks and Neural networks
2. Perform the training of neural networks using various learning rules.
3. Demonstrate the concepts of forward and backward propagations.
4. Construct the Hopfield models.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	3	2	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	1

UNIT - I

Introduction: A Neural Network, Human Brain, Models of a Neuron, Neural Networks viewed as Directed Graphs, Network Architectures, Knowledge Representation, Artificial Intelligence and Neural Networks

Learning Process: Error Correction Learning, Memory Based Learning, Hebbian Learning, Competitive, Boltzmann Learning, Credit Assignment Problem, Memory, Adaption, Statistical Nature of the Learning Process

UNIT - II

Single Layer Perceptrons: Adaptive Filtering Problem, Unconstrained Organization Techniques, Linear Least Square Filters, Least Mean Square Algorithm, Learning Curves, Learning Rate Annealing Techniques, Perceptron –Convergence Theorem, Relation Between Perceptron and Bayes Classifier for a Gaussian Environment

Multilayer Perceptron: Back Propagation Algorithm XOR Problem, Heuristics, Output Representation and Decision Rule, Computer Experiment, Feature Detection

UNIT - III

Back Propagation: Back Propagation and Differentiation, Hessian Matrix, Generalization, Cross Validation, Network Pruning Techniques, Virtues and Limitations of Back Propagation Learning, Accelerated Convergence, Supervised Learning

UNIT - IV

Self-Organization Maps (SOM): Two Basic Feature Mapping Models, Self-Organization

Map, SOM Algorithm, Properties of Feature Map, Computer Simulations, Learning Vector Quantization, Adaptive Patter Classification

UNIT - V

Neuro Dynamics: Dynamical Systems, Stability of Equilibrium States, Attractors, Neuro Dynamical

Models, Manipulation of Attractors as a Recurrent Network Paradigm

Hopfield Models – Hopfield Models, restricted boltzman machine.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Simon S Haykin - Neural Networks a Comprehensive Foundations, PHI
2. Jacek M. Zurada - Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems, JAICO Publishing House, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Li Min Fu - Neural Networks in Computer Intelligence, TMH 2003
2. James A Freeman David M S Kapura - Neural Networks, Pearson, 2004.
3. B. Vegnanarayana -Artificial Neural Networks, Prentice Hall of India P Ltd, 2005

EC741PE: NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY (PE – IV)

B.Tech. IV Year I Semester

L	T	P	C
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Prerequisite: Nil**Course Objectives:**

1. Understand the basic concept of Cryptography and Network Security, their mathematical models
2. To understand the necessity of network security, threats/vulnerabilities to networks and countermeasures
3. To understand Authentication functions with Message Authentication Codes and Hash Functions.
4. To provide familiarity in Intrusion detection and Firewall Design Principles

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

1. Describe network security fundamental concepts and principles
2. Encrypt and decrypt messages using block ciphers and network security technology and protocols
3. Analyze key agreement algorithms to identify their weaknesses
4. Identify and assess different types of threats, malware, spyware, viruses, vulnerabilities

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1
CO2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1
CO3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1
CO4	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1

UNIT - I

Security Services, Mechanisms and Attacks, A Model for Internetwork security, Classical Techniques: Conventional Encryption model, Steganography, Classical Encryption Techniques.

Modern Techniques: Simplified DES, Block Cipher Principles, Data Encryption standard, Strength of DES, Block Cipher Design Principles.

UNIT - II

Encryption: Triple DES, International Data Encryption algorithm, Blowfish, RC5, Characteristics of Advanced Symmetric block Ciphers. Placement of Encryption function, Traffic confidentiality, Key distribution, Random Number Generation.

UNIT - III

Public Key Cryptography: Principles, RSA Algorithm, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography.

Number Theory: Prime and Relatively prime numbers, Modular arithmetic, Fermat's and Euler's theorems, Testing for primality, Euclid's Algorithm, the Chinese remainder theorem, Discrete logarithms.

UNIT - IV

Message Authentication and Hash Functions: Authentication requirements and functions, Message

Authentication, Hash functions, Security of Hash functions and MACs.

Hash and Mac Algorithms: MD-5, Message digest Algorithm, Secure Hash Algorithm.

Digital signatures and Authentication protocols: Digital signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital signature standards.

Authentication Applications: Kerberos, Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, SIME/MIME.

UNIT - V

IP Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication, Encapsulating Security Payload, Key Management. **Web Security:** Web Security requirements, Secure sockets layer and Transport layer security, Secure Electronic Transaction.

Intruders, Viruses and Worms: Intruders, Viruses and Related threats.

Fire Walls: Fire wall Design Principles, Trusted systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William Stallings-Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, Pearson Education.
2. Robert Bragg, Mark Rhodes -Network Security: The complete reference, TMH, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. William Stallings - Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards), Pearson Education.
2. Eric Maiwald - Fundamentals of Network Security, Dreamtech press
3. Whitman - Principles of Information Security, Thomson.
4. Buchmann - Introduction to Cryptography, Springer.

EC742PE : SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS (PE – IV)**B.Tech. IV Year I Semester**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisite: Analog and Digital Communications**Course Objectives :**

1. To acquired foundation in orbital mechanics and launch vehicles for the satellites.
2. To provide basic knowledge of link design of satellite.
3. To understand multiple access systems and earth station technology
4. To understand the concepts of satellite navigation and GPS.

Course Outcomes: Upon completing this course, the student will be able to

1. Explore the basic concepts and frequency allocations for satellite communication, orbital mechanics and launch vehicles.
2. Envision the satellite sub systems and design satellite links for specified C/N.
3. Familiarize the various multiple access techniques for satellite communication systems and earth station technologies.
4. Known the concepts of LEO, GEO Stationary Satellite Systems and satellite navigation

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO2	3	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO3	3	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO4	3	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1

UNIT - I

Introduction: Origin of Satellite Communications, Historical Back-ground, Basic Concepts of Satellite Communications, Frequency Allocations for Satellite Services, Applications, Future Trends of Satellite Communications.

Orbital Mechanics and Launchers: Orbital Mechanics, Look Angle determination, Orbital Perturbations, Orbit determination, Launches and Launch vehicles, Orbital Effects in Communication Systems Performance.

UNIT - II

Satellite Subsystems: Attitude and Orbit Control System, Telemetry, Tracking, Command And Monitoring, Power Systems, Communication Subsystems, Satellite Antennas, Equipment Reliability and Space Qualification.

UNIT - III

Satellite Link Design: Basic Transmission Theory, System Noise Temperature and G/T Ratio, Design of Down Links, Up Link Design, Design Of Satellite Links For Specified C/N, System Design Examples.

Multiple Access: Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA), Inter modulation, Calculation of C/N, Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA), Frame Structure, Examples, Satellite Switched TDMA Onboard Processing, DAMA, Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA), Spread Spectrum Transmission and Reception.

UNIT - IV

Earth Station Technology: Introduction, Transmitters, Receivers, Antennas, Tracking Systems, Terrestrial Interface, Primary Power Test Methods.

UNIT - V

Low Earth Orbit and Geo-Stationary Satellite Systems: Orbit Considerations, Coverage and Frequency Consideration, Delay & Throughput Considerations, System Considerations, Operational NGSO Constellation Designs.

Satellite Navigation & Global Positioning System: Radio and Satellite Navigation, GPS Position Location Principles, GPS Receivers and Codes, Satellite Signal Acquisition, GPS Navigation Message, GPS Signal Levels, GPS Receiver Operation, GPS C/A Code Accuracy, Differential GPS.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Timothy Pratt, Charles Bostian and Jeremy Allnut - Satellite Communications, WSE, Wiley Publications, 2nd Edition, 2003.
2. Wilbur L. Pritchard, Robert A Nelson and Henri G. Suyderhoud - Satellite Communications Engineering, 2nd Edition, Pearson Publications, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. M. Richharia - Satellite Communications : Design Principles, 2nd Edition, BS Publications, 2003.
2. D.C Agarwal - Satellite Communication, 5th Edition, Khanna Publications,
3. K.N. Raja Rao - Fundamentals of Satellite Communications, PHI, 2004
4. Dennis Roddy - Satellite Communications, 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2009.

EC743PE: BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION (PE – IV)**B.Tech. IV Year I Semester****L T P C****3 0 0 3****Course Objectives**

1. **Identify** significant biological variables at cellular level and ways to acquire different bio-signals.
2. **Elucidate** the methods to monitor the activity of the heart, brain, eyes and muscles.
3. **Introduce** therapeutic equipment for intensive and critical care.
4. **Outline** medical imaging techniques and equipment for certain diagnosis and therapies.

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course the student is able to:

1. Explore biosystems and medical systems from an engineering perspective.
2. Identify the techniques to acquire record and primarily understand physiological activity of the human body through cell potential, ECG, EEG, BP and blood flow measurement and EMG.
3. Articulate the working of various medical instruments and critical care equipment.
4. Know the imaging techniques including CT, PET, SPECT and MRI used in diagnosis of various medical conditions.

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1
CO2	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1
CO3	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1
CO4	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-	1	1	1

UNIT - I

Bio-Potential Signals and Electrodes: Bio-signals and their characteristics, Organization of cell, Nernst equation of membrane, Resting and Action potentials. Bio-amplifiers, characteristics of medical instruments, problems encountered with measurements from living systems. Bio-potential electrodes – Body surface recording electrodes, Internal electrodes, micro electrodes. Bio-chemical transducers – reference electrode, the pH electrodes, Blood gas electrodes.

UNIT - II

Cardiovascular Instrumentation: Heart and cardiovascular system Heart electrical activity, blood pressure and heart sounds. Cardiovascular measurements electrocardiography – electrocardiogram, ECG Amplifier, Electrodes and leads, ECG recorder principles. Types of ECG recorders. Principles of blood pressure and blood flow measurement.

UNIT - III

Neurological Instrumentation: Neuronal communication, electro encephalogram (EEG), EEG Measurements EEG electrode-placement system, interpretation of EEG, EEG system Block diagram, preamplifiers and amplifiers. EMG block diagram and Stimulators

UNIT - IV

Equipment for Critical Care: Therapeutic equipment - Pacemaker, Defibrillator, Shortwave diathermy, Hemodialysis machine. Respiratory Instrumentation - Mechanism of respiration, Spirometry, Pneumotachograph, Ventilators.

UNIT - V

Principles of Medical Imaging: Radiography, computed Radiography, Computed Tomography (CT), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI), Nuclear Medicine, Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography (SPECT), Positron Emission Tomography (PET), Ultrasonography, Introduction to Telemedicine.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R.S. Khandpur - Hand-book of Biomedical Instrumentation, McGraw-Hill, 2003.
2. John G. Webster = Medical Instrumentation, Application and Design, John Wiley.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Leslie Cromwell, F.J. Weibell, E.A. Pfeiffer - Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements, PHI.
2. L.A. Geoddes and L.E. Baker - Principles of Applied Biomedical Instrumentation, John Wiley and Sons.
3. Joseph Carr and Brown - Introduction to Biomedical equipment technology.

EC702PC: PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE, LAW AND ETHICS**B.Tech. IV Year I Semester****L T P C**
2 0 0 2**Course Objectives:**

1. To make the students understand the types of roles they are expected to play in the society as practitioners of the civil engineering profession
2. To develop some ideas of the legal and practical aspects of their profession.

Course Outcome: The students will

1. understand the importance of professional practice, Law and Ethics in their personal lives and professional careers.
2. learn the rights and responsibilities as an employee, team member and a global citizen

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	1	3	3	1

UNIT- I

Professional Practice and Ethics: Definition of Ethics, Professional Ethics - Engineering Ethics, Personal Ethics; Code of Ethics - Profession, Professionalism, Professional Responsibility, Conflict of Interest, Gift Vs Bribery, Environmental breaches, Negligence, Deficiencies in state-of-the-art; Vigil Mechanism, Whistle blowing, protected disclosures. Introduction to GST- Various Roles of Various Stake holders

UNIT - II

Law of Contract: Nature of Contract and Essential elements of valid contract, Offer and Acceptance, Consideration, Capacity to contract and Free Consent, Legality of Object. Unlawful and illegal agreements, Contingent Contracts, Performance and discharge of Contracts, Remedies for breach of contract. Contracts-II: Indemnity and guarantee, Contract of Agency, Sale of goods Act -1930: General Principles, Conditions & Warranties, Performance of Contract of Sale.

UNIT- III

Arbitration, Conciliation and ADR (Alternative Dispute Resolution) system: Arbitration – meaning, scope and types – distinction between laws of 1940 and 1996; UNCITRAL model law – Arbitration and expert determination; Extent of judicial intervention; International commercial arbitration; Arbitration agreements – essential and kinds, validity, reference and interim measures by court; Arbitration tribunal

– appointment, challenge, jurisdiction of arbitral tribunal, powers, grounds of challenge, procedure and court assistance; Distinction between conciliation, negotiation, mediation and arbitration, confidentiality, resort to judicial proceedings, costs; Dispute Resolution Boards; Lok Adalats.

UNIT- IV

Engagement of Labour and Labour & other construction-related Laws: Role of Labour in Civil Engineering; Methods of engaging labour- on rolls, labour sub-contract, piece rate work; Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; Collective bargaining; Industrial Employment (Standing

Orders) Act, 1946; Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923; Building & Other - Construction Workers (regulation of employment and conditions of service) Act (1996) and Rules (1998); RERA Act 2017, NBC 2017.

UNIT- V

Law relating to Intellectual property: Introduction – meaning of intellectual property, main forms of IP, Copyright, Trademarks, Patents and Designs, Secrets; Law relating to Copyright in India including Historical evolution of Copy Rights Act, 1957, Meaning of copyright – computer programs, Ownership

of copyrights and assignment, Criteria of infringement, Piracy in Internet – Remedies and procedures in India; Law relating to Patents under Patents Act, 1970.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. Subramanian - Professional Ethics, Oxford University Press, 2015.
2. Ravinder Kaur - Legal Aspects of Business, 4th edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. RERA Act, 2017.
2. Wadhwa - Intellectual Property Rights, Universal Law Publishing Co., 2004.
3. T. Ramappa - Intellectual Property Rights Law in India, Asia Law House, 2010.
4. O.P. Malhotra - Law of Industrial Disputes, N.M. Tripathi Publishers.

EC703PC: MICROWAVE AND OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS LABORATORY

B.Tech IV Year I Semester

L	T	P	C
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Note: Any **twelve** of the following experiments**List of Experiments:**

1. Reflex Klystron Characteristics.
2. Gunn Diode Characteristics.
3. Attenuation measurement
4. Directional coupler Characteristics.
5. Scattering parameters of wave guide components
6. Frequency measurement.
7. Impedance measurement
8. VSWR measurement
9. Characterization of LED.
10. Characterization of Laser Diode.
11. Intensity modulation of Laser output through an optical fiber.
12. Measurement of Data rate for Digital Optical link.
13. Measurement of Numerical Aperture of fiber cable.
14. Measurement of losses for Optical link